

2014 INTERMOUNTAIN SECTION ANNUAL CONFERENCE

INDIVIDUAL BOOSTER PUMPS: LOW PRESSURE SOLUTION OR COMPLIANCE PROBLEM

Benjamin D. Miner, MPA, PE

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PRESENTATION OUTLINE

- Individual Home Booster Pump Definition
- Problem Development
- Common Solutions
- Risks
- Regulation
- Technical and Regulatory Options
- Case Study
- Recommendations



INDIVIDUAL HOME BOOSTER PUMP DEFINITION

BEN'S DEFINITION

"An individual home booster pump:

- Increases water pressure from a public water system (PWS) main line for an <u>individual</u> home.
- Is located downstream of the meter.
- Is typically <u>owned and maintained</u> by the home owner."





PROBLEM DEVELOPMENT







PROBLEM DEVELOPMENT

THE PROBLEM:

1. Property owners want more pressure.

THE CAUSE:

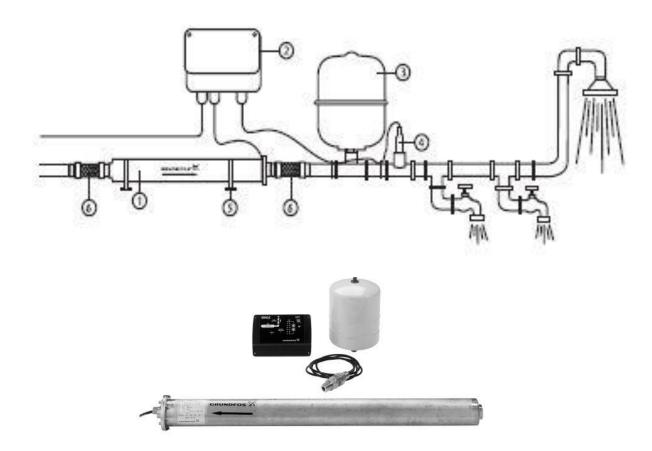
- 1. PWS provides pressure to meet State requirements {R309-105-9 U.A.C.}, but the Owner wants more.
- 2. PWS doesn't provide adequate pressure.
- 3. PWS provides adequate pressure to lowest part of the property but Owner want to build at a higher elevation.

THE SOLUTION

1. Individual Home Booster?



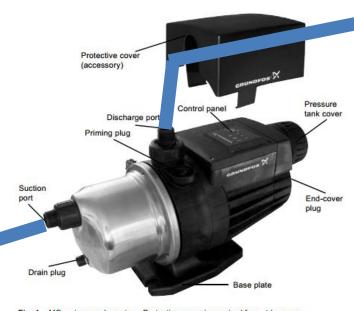
1. CONSTANT PRESSURE BOOSTER





1. CONSTANT PRESSURE BOOSTER





PWS WATER MAIN

Fig. 1 MQ water supply system. Protective cover is required for outdoor use.



2. BOOSTER WITH HYDRO-PNEUMATIC TANK







2. BOOSTER WITH HYDRO-PNEUMATIC TANKS

GT-D, vertical installation

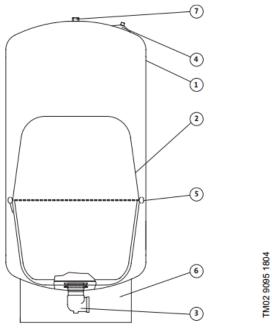


Fig. 3 Sectional drawing, example: GT-D-130 V

Pos.	Component	Material
1	Tank body	Carbon steel
2	Double diaphragm	Butyl rubber
3	Pipe connection	Stainless steel DIN/EN 1.4301
4	Air valve	Brass
5	Clamping ring	Carbon steel
6	Skirt	Carbon steel
7	Tapped hole	Steel



2. BOOSTER WITH HYDRO-PNEUMATIC TANK – Cul-de-sac Supply







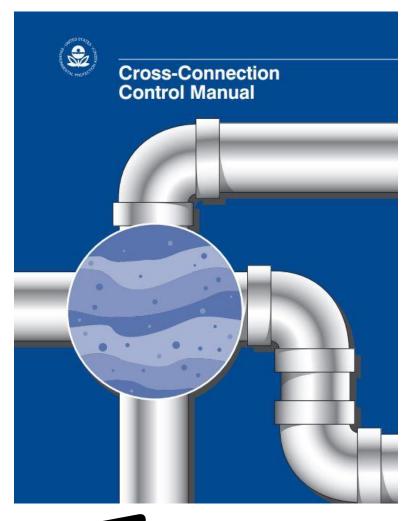
2. BOOSTER WITH HYDRO-PNEUMATIC

TANK – Chemical Mixing





RISKS







OF UTAH

January 2010

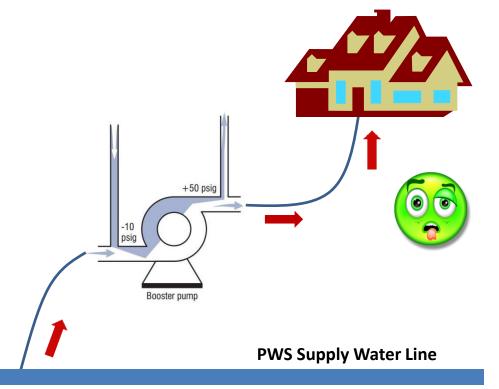
Cross Connection Control Commission Michael S. Moss, Secretary

Division of Drinking Water 195 North 1950 West, 3rd Floor P.O. Box 144830 Salt Lake City, Utah 84114-4830 Phone (801) 536-4200

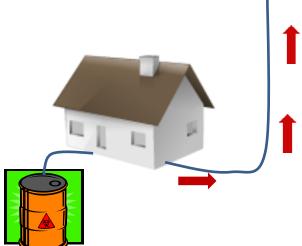
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RISKS



NEGATIVE PRESSURE!





REGULATION



STATE ADMINISTRATIVE CODE

"Individual home booster pumps shall not be allowed for any individual service from the public water supply main." {R309-540-5(4)(c) U.A.C}

INTERNATIONAL PLUMBING CODE (2012), AMENDED, ADOPTED BY {TITLE 15A U.C.A.}

"606.5 Water pressure booster systems - Water pressure booster systems shall be provided as required by Section 606.5.1 through 606.5.11."

"606.5.11 Prohibited installation - In no case shall a booster pump be allowed that will lower the pressure in the public main to less than the minimum water pressure specified in Utah Administrative Code R309-105-9."



TECHNICAL AND REGULATORY OPTIONS

- LIMIT SERVICE AREA FOR "HIGH" ELEVATION ZONES
 - PWS may need to restrict service connections in some areas where minimum pressure standards can't be met
- CONSTRUCT NEW WATER SYSTEM FACILITIES PWS OWNED BOOSTER PUMP AND STORAGE
 - Booster pumps are okay if owned/maintained/controlled by the PWS
- REQUEST ADMINISTRATIVE "EXCEPTION-TO-RULE"
 - May not be approved



OPTIONS - CONTINUED

- DO NOT APPROVE SERVICE CONNECTION BASED ON THE HOME OWNER "WAIVING HIS/HER RIGHT" TO ADEQUATE PRESSURE
 - OWNER DOESN'T HAVE AUTHORITY TO WAIVE DRINKING WATER STANDARDS



OPTIONS - CONTINUED

EXCEPTION-TO-RULE PROCESS

- Per {R309-105-6(2)(b) UAC}
- The Division of Drinking Water can waive rules as long as it "will not jeopardize the public health."

EXCEPTION-TO-RULE PROCESS

- 1. Consider whether project can be completed without an "Exception."
- 2. Prepare a written request to the Utah Division of Drinking Water
- 3. Cite the specific rule(s) to be waived.
- 4. Explain why the rules can't be met.
- 5. Describe the alternative proposed system



OPTIONS - CONTINUED

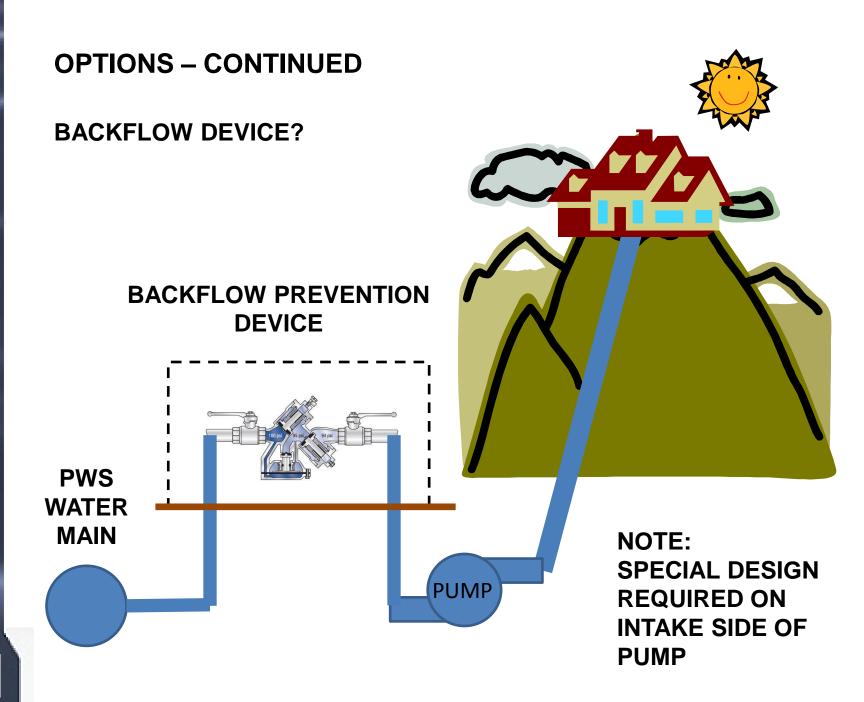
ALTERNATIVE PROPOSED SYSTEM

- 1. "Air Gap" system is usually the best.
- 2. Backflow Prevention Devices (i.e. RP)? May Be Acceptable



OPTIONS – CONTINUED AIR GAP PWS AIR GAP WATER MAIN PUMP **RECEIVING TANK**





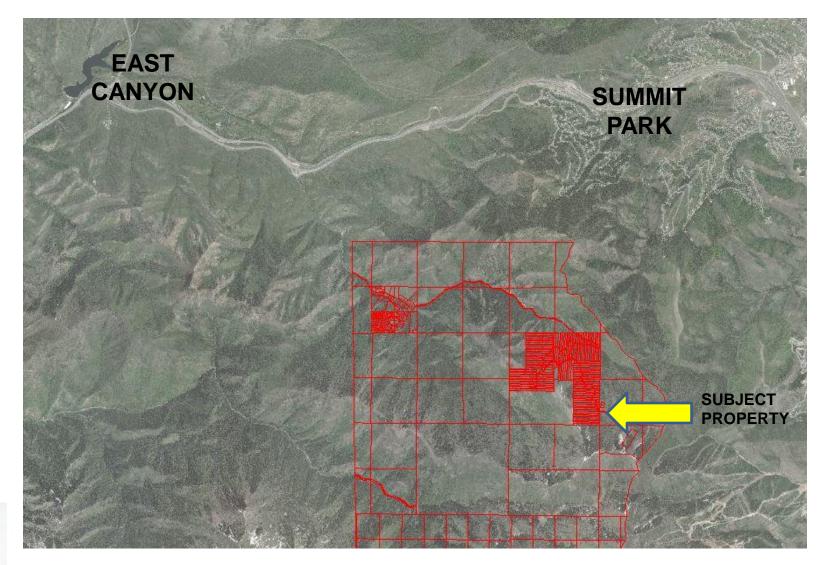


Mountain Water System – Recreational Property

- 1. Property owner want to build near top of site.
- 2. PWS has committed to provide a connection.
- 3. Water pressure is less than Owner desires.

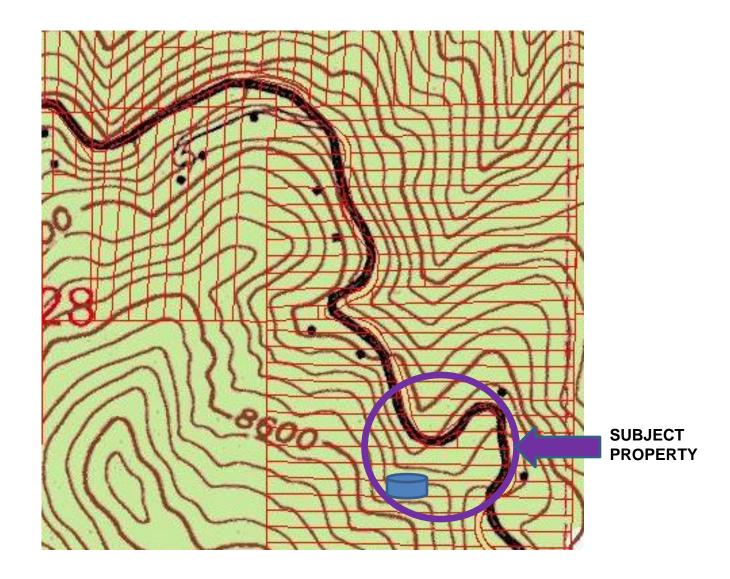


CASE STUDYMountain Water System – Recreational Property





Mountain Water System – Recreational Property





Mountain Water System – Recreational Property

- 1. Property owner wants to build near top of site.
- 2. PWS has committed to provide a service connection.
- 3. Water pressure is less than Owner desires.
- 4. Owner and Architect consider using a booster pump



Planning Department Committee notices the booster pump concept during a planning meeting and notifies owner of regulation.



Mountain Water System – Recreational Property

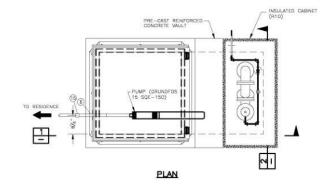
- 1. HAL was asked to assist with:
 - 1. Coordination with the PWS
 - 2. Permitting with the Utah Division of Drinking Water
 - 3. Design
 - 4. Plan Review with the Utah Division of Drinking Water

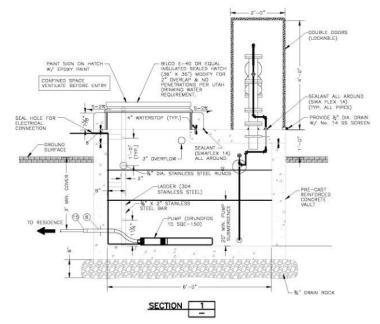


Mountain Water System – Recreational Property

OUTCOME - Designed a Connection

- 1. Above Ground Air Gap Connection
- 2. Float Controlled Inlet Valve in Vault
- 3. Submersible Pump
- 4. Insulated and Heated
- 5. Limited Storage Provided



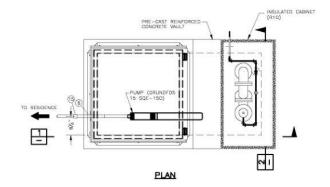


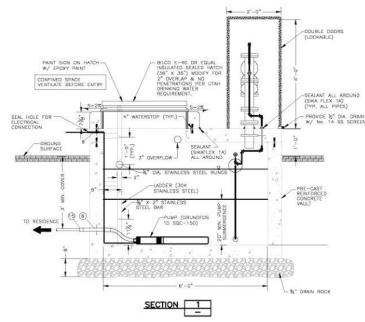


Mountain Water System – Recreational Property

OUTCOME

- 1. DDW Approved Connection
- 2. Protects PWS
- 3. Allows "Top of Hill" Construction
- 4. Owner agreed to PWS and DDW Inspections
- 5. Permitted by "Exception" Request
- 6. DDW Notice Limiting Future "Exceptions"







RECOMMENDATIONS FOR PUBLIC WATER SYSTEMS

- 1. TRAIN PWS STAFF TO UNDERSTAND INDIVIDUAL BOOSTER PUMP RULES
- 2. CREATE A MECHANISM FOR PWS INVOLVEMENT IN PLANNING PROCESSES AND BUILDING PERMITS
 - 1. Planning and Building Departments may operate autonomously from the Water Department
 - 2. The PWS and the Building Department may be a separate public/private agencies (i.e., a special service district within a County Planning jurisdiction)
 - 3. Building Officials may approve an individual booster pump without knowledge of PWS
- 3. TRACK INDIVIDUAL HOME BOOSTERS AS PART OF THE CROSS CONNECTION CONTROL PROGRAM.



RECOMMENDATIONS FOR PUBLIC WATER SYSTEMS - CONTINUED

4. ESTABLISH JURISDICTION FOR INSPECTIONS AND CONDUCT INSPECTIONS

- 1. Property Access / Facilities Pubic ROW
- 2. Inspections (Annually?)
- 3. Inspection Costs

5. DESIGNATE A SERVICE AREA

- 1. Review existing infrastructure capabilities
- 2. Review planned infrastructure expansions and budgets
- 3. Property Owners want to build high on the property

6. ENACT AN ORDINANCES IF POSSIBLE

1. PWS may have limited jurisdiction in some cases.



QUESTIONS

